

Application for the purpose of residence of 'to work on a selfemployed basis' (foreign national)

Read the explanation before you start to fill out the form.

For whom is this form intended?

You can only use this form if you are a foreign national staying in the Netherlands. You want a residence permit with the purpose of residence: 'to work on a self-employed basis' or you want to change your residence permit. If you are abroad, then you will need to approach the Dutch Embassy or Consulate in your country of origin or the country in which you are staying.

You can also use this form if you are staying in the Netherlands, and you had a residence permit for 1 year to start a business with a facilitator. You want to continue your business activities in the Netherlands as a start-up. If this applies to you, you are considered a self-employed person.

You can also use this form if you practice as a self-employed artist in the Netherlands.

Director-major shareholder

You can also use this form if you are a director-major shareholder of a corporation and meet all of the following requirements:

- You have an interest of 25% or more in the business;
- You are taking a business risk; and
- You can influence your salary yourself.

If you do not meet (one of) these requirements, you cannot use this form. In that case, check the IND website for the requirements that apply to an application for employment.

When you cannot use this application form

You cannot use this form if you are a foreign national and you want to start an innovative business in the Netherlands (a start up), using a facilitator. Please use the form 'Application for the purpose of residence 'Start-up' working on a self-employed basis (foreign national)'.

If you have the Turkish nationality please use the form 'Application for a residence permit in connection with the Convention between the European Union and Turkey.

How do you fill out this form?

This form comprises different appendices; which appendices you need to fill out depends on your own situation. Only submit your application once you have completed filling out this form, signed and you have gathered together all the requested documents and evidence. If your application is incomplete, the IND will be unable to assess your application properly.

Processing of personal data

The Immigration and Naturalisation Service (IND) processes personal data when it processes your application, notification, or request. This means that if needed the IND will request data from you yourself and other organisations or persons. The IND also uses and stores data and shares them with other organisations. When doing so, the IND strictly adheres to the stipulations of privacy legislation. For instance, the IND must treat data safely and with due care. The law also gives rights. At your request, you are allowed to see which data on you the IND processes. You can also get information on why the IND does so and to whom your data have been passed on. On www.ind.nl you can read how the IND processes your data and which rights you have. You can also read how to use your rights.

Would you like more information?

Then visit the IND website at www.ind.nl. You can also contact the IND by telephone via 088 043 04 30 (normal charges apply). From abroad you can call +31 88 043 04 30.

1 What is your situation

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> Please tick the applicable situation and follow the instructions 1. You have a valid residence permit in the Netherlands and you want to change the residence permit (as well as renewing the period of validity of the residence permit) to a different purpose of residence. This also applies if you have (had) a residence permit as a start-up with a facilitator in the Netherlands and you want to continue your business activities in the Netherlands.. ☐ You want to submit an application for changing the purpose of residence of your residence permit 2. You are in the Netherlands and you want a residence permit. You are a national of one of the following countries: Australia, Canada, Japan, New Zealand, the United States of America, South Korea, Monaco, Vatican City, the United Kingdom, the EU/EEA countries or Switzerland. You want to submit an application for a regular residence permit. 3. You are abroad and your nationality is one whereby you will need a Regular Provisional Residence Permit (MVV) (a nationality other than the nationalities mentioned under 2). A Regular Provisional Residence Permit (MVV) is a visa with which you can enter the Netherlands for a stay of longer than 90 days. Having entered the Netherlands with a valid Regular Provisional Residence Permit (MVV) you can be issued with a residence permit. You cannot use this form. You must apply for an mvv at the Dutch representation abroad. The forms for this can be found on the IND website. 4. You are in the Netherlands and you want to submit an application. Your | nationality is one whereby you will need a Regular Provisional Residence Permit (MVV) (a nationality other than the nationalities mentioned under 2). You will usually need a Regular Provisional Residence Permit (MVV) in order to apply for residence in the Netherlands. In exceptional circum- stances mentioned in the appendix 'Exemption from requirement for Regular Provisional Permit, this is not necessary. Follow the instructions below if you think that one of the exceptional circumstances apply to you. ☐ You want to submit an application for a residence permit (without a Regular Provisional Residence Permit (MVV)) > Go to the appendix 'Exemption from requirement for Regular Provisional Residence Permit (MVV)' and see which exceptions there are to the requirement for a Regular Provisional Residence Permit (MVV). You are applying for an exemption from the requirement for a Regular Provisional Residence Permit (MVV) because: **Tuberculosis** You want to apply for a residence permit in the Netherlands. You may need to undergo an examination and treatment for tuberculosis (TB). This depends on the situation. > Please tick the applicable situation You do not need to undergo a TB test because you have a valid residence permit in the Netherlands. You do not need to undergo a TB test because you have an EC residence permit for long-term residence that was issued by another EU country, or you are a family member of a long-term resident in an EU

appendix 'Exemption from the obligation to undergo a tuberculosis (TB) test'.

You do not need to undergo a TB test because you are a national of one of the countries listed in the

You have a different nationality and:
 have already undergone a TB test in the Netherlands. Enclose an original and recent 'TB test referral form' with the application. This form is the proof that you have undergone a TB test in the Netherlands. The form may not be more than 6 months old.
 have not yet undergone a TB test in the Netherlands. Then you should complete the Appendix Declaration of intent to undergo a TB test' and send this together with the application. You must sign

If you are in the Netherlands, then you should make an appointment for the test with the Municipal Health Service (GGD) in the region where you live or where you will be living (for further information, visit the website www.ggd.nl). Take the appendix 'TB test referral form' with you to the Municipal Health Service (GGD). The Municipal Health Service (GGD) will then send the form to the IND

3 Means of evidence

this appendix yourself.

Requirements of foreign means of evidence

You must gather together the means of evidence before submitting your application. You may be required to submit foreign means of evidence together with this application, for example a foreign marriage certificate. Your personal situation and the purpose of residence determine which foreign proof of income you will need to include.

Language

All foreign means of evidence must be compiled in Dutch, English, French or German. Is this not the case? Then you must have the means of evidence translated by a translator who has been sworn in by a District Court. Submit (a copy of) the translation and (a copy of) the means of evidence together with the application form. If you have the means of evidence translated in a foreign country and therefore not by a translator who has been sworn in by a District Court, then you are required to have the translation legalised or to have an apostille stamp/authentication stamp provided by the competent authorities in the country of issue.

Official means of evidence

Official foreign means of evidence must be issued and legalised by the competent authorities of the country that issued the means of evidence. In some countries the document must then also be legalized by the Dutch embassy or the Dutch consulate in the country in question. In 'apostille countries' an apostille, issued by the competent local authorities, is sufficient. If no Dutch embassy or consulate is available in that country, the document must be legalised by the Dutch embassy or consulate responsible for that country. Official foreign means of evidence include, for example, birth certificates and marriage certificates. Having these means of evidence legalised or provided with an apostille stamp can take a long time. You should start several months in advance of submitting your application with having documents legalised or provided with an apostille stamp in the country of origin. For more information about legalisation or apostille requirements for documents per country and any exceptions to these requirements, you can telephone the 'Public Information Service', telephone number 1400. You can also visit the website www.rijksoverheid.nl.

Special facts and circumstances

If you think special facts and circumstances may apply, that have to be considered when assessing your application, you have to provide a written declaration. You have to substantiate this declaration with as many (official) means of evidence as possible.

If you submit special circumstances in the context of Article 3.6ba, first paragraph, of the Aliens Decree, you must only submit these circumstances if this concerns your first application submitted in the Netherlands.

Choose the purpose of residence. You can only choose one purpose of residence. If you choose more than one purpose then (possibly) your application will be no longer valid. If you are in doubt about your purpose of residence then contact the IND. Do not submit your application if you are not sure whether you comply with the conditions. Visit the website www.ind.nl for more information about your purpose of residence.

☐ Self-employed person after a residence permit for a start-up with a reliable facilitator and you want to continue your business activities in the Netherlands (377)

Please enclose with your application a declaration by the facilitator who has guided you for at least 3 months. This declaration demonstrates that you have completed the guidance program. On the website of the Netherlands Enterprise Agency (RVO), you can find the model for this declaration. Please enclose with your application:

 a proof of registration with the Chamber of Commerce, not older than three months, or fill in the Chamber of Commerce registration number at 5.12 in this application form

☐ Self-employed person (377)

Please note! The financial supporting documents that you enclose must have been checked by an authorized independent external expert (chartered accountant, an accountant administratieconsulent [a Dutch accountant's qualification], bookkeeper or a financial advisor).

Please enclose the following means of evidence with your application:

- a proof of registration with the Chamber of Commerce, not older than three months, or fill in the Chamber of Commerce registration number at 5.12 in this application form;
- if applicable: a copy of a document that was issued by the competent Dutch authority showing that you
 have the necessary permits to be allowed to practice a particular profession or run a particular
 enterprise; and
- a completed and signed 'Declaration of income of self-employed person appendix' with the appendices demanded therein;
- documents that demonstrate that your company is of essential interest to the Dutch economy. The subdivision of the scoring system is followed:

A. Personal experience

- copies of all diplomas awarded. Does this involve foreign diplomas? Then these must include an evaluation from Nuffic/Vocational Education Labour Market (SBB);
- o copies of educational certificates (diplomas, doctorate) from Dutch study programmes;
- financial data, such as turnover data, annual accounts, tax data, pay slips, wage tax declarations,
 etc.;
- o a copy of the employment contract(s) from your previous employment(s);
- income data showing the income of the twelve months prior to the application;
- o other evidence showing entrepreneurial experience;
- employer references;
- o means of evidence showing experience with the Netherlands.
- if there is an enterprise in the country of origin: a copy of the deed of incorporation and the articles
 of association of the enterprise;
- o *if you are a freelancer*: copies of agreement(s) relating to the assignment(s) that you will be carrying out as freelancer.

B. Business plan

- o a business plan that includes information about:
 - the personal details of the entrepreneur;
 - the product or the service;
 - a market analysis that is focussed on the relevant product or service;
 - a substantiated pricing;
 - the organisation;
 - the balance sheet;
 - the turnover and liquidity forecast, including calculations for at least three years;
 - specification and budget of labour creation and investments;
 - turnover data from the Dutch market.

C. Added value of the economic activities for the Dutch economy

- means of evidence (e.g. patents or references from professional institutes, etc.) that show the innovative character of the product or the service for the Netherlands;
- means of evidence of labour creation in your own enterprise;
- o data relating to proposed investments.

☐ Employment as a self-employed artist (562)

Please enclose the following documents with your application:

In case of direct funding from a national culture fund (in Dutch: Rijkscultuurfonds). Information on national culture funds can be found at www.cultuursubsidie.nl.

• a copy of the subsidy decision from the national culture fund.

In case there is **no** direct funding from a national culture fund:

- a substantiated statement showing that the cultural institution has the required artistic quality. This is in
 any case the case if the artistic content has been positively assessed by the Raad voor Cultuur or by a
 provincial or municipal arts council;
- a commission agreement between you and the Dutch cultural institution. The commission agreement will in any case include:
 - a) the considerations for arriving at the commission agreement;
 - b) a description of the content and performance of the commission;
 - c) the starting date and the end date of the assignment;
 - d) the fee;
 - e) signature of the signatories.
- the fully completed and signed Appendix 'Declaration on essential cultural importance'.

☐ Self-employed, based upon the Dutch-American Friendship Treaty (453) or the Dutch-Japanese Trade Agreement (510). You have USA or Japanese nationality

- 1. The financial supporting documents that you enclose must have been checked by an authorized independent external expert (chartered accountant, an accountant administratie consulent [a Dutch accountant's qualification], bookkeeper or a financial advisor)
- 2. The business bank account statement must show the name of the company and the capital invested

Please enclose the following supporting documents with your application:

 A proof of registration with the Chamber of Commerce, not older than three months, or fill in the Chamber of Commerce registration number at 5.12 in this application form;

In case of a sole trader

• A business bank statement from the enterprise showing the invested amount and an opening balance sheet;

In case of a commercial partnership

- A deed of formation or a contract in which is shown the size of the financial participation of every partner;
- The (opening) balance;
- A business bank statement from the enterprise;

In case of a private limited company or a public limited company

- The deed of incorporation;
- The (opening) balance;
- A business bank statement from the enterprise.

4 Biometric information, signature and Antecedents certificate

- You must have your fingerprints and facial image (passport photo) taken to determine your identity. The biometric information is also required to create a residence permit. For the residence permit the IND also needs a signature. See the appendix Fingerprints, passport photo and signature.
- Fill out the Antecedents certificate appendix and submit this appendix together with your application.

5	Your personal details	Write in block letters
5.1	V-nummer (if known)	
5.2 5.3	Citizen Service Number (if known) Name (as stated in the passport)	Surname
		First names
5.4	Sex	□ Male□ Female
5.5	Date of birth	Day Month Year
5.6	Place of birth	
5.7	Country of birth (as stated in the passport)	
5.8	Nationality	
5.9	Home address	Street
		Number
		Postcode
		Town
		Country
5.10	Telephone number	
5.11	E-mail	
5.12	Chamber of Commerce registration number	

6 Identification

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Enclose a copy of your passport with your identity details together with your application. Make copies of all the pages with travel stamps as well. Do not copy empty pages.

7 Statement due to European sanctions against Russia and Belarus

Enclose with your application the completed and signed 'Appendix Declaration due to European sanctions against Russia and Belarus'.

Please note! This appendix may not be completed by the authorised representative.

8 Location where the residence permit is collected

ine	The desk where you will collect the residence permit:						
> F	Please tick the applicable	e situ	ıation				
	Amsterdam Maastricht		Goes Zwolle		's-Hertogenbosch (Den Bosch)		Den Haag
Si	gning						
_	Signing this form will bring you rights and obligations. If you do not know what these rights and obligations are, then visit the website www.ind.nl .						
✓ ✓	✓ I know that the personal details supplied will be processed in connection with the Aliens Act 2000 and will be passed on to authorities that need these personal details for that purpose.						
	I may mear an <u>aummi</u>	Ju at	IVC IIIIC.				

9.1	I submit this form and		(number) of appendices/documents in evidence
9.2	Name		
9.3	Place en date	Place	
		Day	Month Year
9 4	Signature		

10 Submitting the application and payment

✓ I know what my rights and obligations are.

You have gathered together all the means of evidence necessary for the application. Proceed to the appendix 'Submitting and paying for the application (by the foreign national)'. that



Appendix Antecedents Certificate

Who should complete this appendix?

Pursuant to Articles 3.77, paragraph 11 and 3.86, paragraph 18 of the Aliens Decree, every foreign national aged 12 years or older must complete this appendix.

Please note! This statement consists of 2 pages. You must complete both pages.

1 Declaration of the foreign national

On this form you fill in whether you have ever committed a crime or a criminal offence. These are crimes committed in the Netherlands and criminal offences committed outside the Netherlands. You must answer the questions with *Yes* or *No.* Not completing the form truthfully or failing to report is a criminal offence. This can lead to a sanction. Your answers may have consequences for your application or for a residence permit that you have previously received.

> Please tick the applicable situation			
Are you currently being prosecuted for committing a crime in the Netherlands? Or for committing a criminal offence abroad?	Yes		No
Have you ever been sentenced to a fine, community service, penalty order by a public prosecutor, custodial measure or imprisonment or have you accepted an out-of-court settlement for committing a crime in the Netherlands? Or have you ever been convicted of committing a criminal offence abroad?	Yes		No
Have you ever committed a crime, or have you been involved in a crime as referred to in Article 1F of the 1951 Geneva Convention on Refugees? Like a murder, war crime, genocide, terrorist crime or crimes against humanity?	Yes		No
Have you received an entry ban from one of the countries of the EU/EEA or Switzerland?* Or a measure similar to an entry ban?	Yes		No
* This is a ban on travel to the Netherlands, the EU / EEA or Switzerland.			
Have you submitted incorrect data during earlier residence procedures in the Netherlands?	Yes		No
Have you ever stayed illegally in the Netherlands?	Yes	_	No
> Have you ticked Yes for one or more questions? Then explain why.			

2 Signature of the foreign national

- ✓ I have completed this form truthfully.
- ✓ I know that the IND can reject my application or withdraw my residence permit if I have ever been convicted of committing a crime.
- ✓ If something changes in my situation through which my statements on this form are no longer correct, I will notify the IND as soon as possible. I do this within four weeks after the change in my situation.

2.1	V-number (if known)	
2.2	Name	
2.3	Date of birth	Day Month Year
2.4	Place and date	Place
		Day Month Year
2.5	Signature	

Processing of personal data



Appendix Fingerprints, passport photo and signature

Please do not enclose this appendix with the form!

For every new application you submit, the IND needs your photo, signature and fingerprints. The IND uses these biometric details to establish your identity and make your residence document. We do not need new biometrics in the following situations:

- Your biometrics have been taken at an IND desk or embassy abroad less than 6 months ago.
- You apply for a Foreign Nationals Identity Document (Type W and Type W2). Your biometrics have been taken at an IND desk or embassy abroad less than 5 years and 3 months ago. With a Foreign Nationals Identity Document you show that you are allowed to be in the Netherlands because you are waiting for a decision on your application. The IND then reuses old biometric details.

In all cases, the foreign national must bring a valid passport (this can also be a foreign national passport or a refugee passport) or ID card of the EU, EEA or Switzerland.

Situation: application starts when the foreign national is abroad

1. Entry and Residence procedure

- The sponsor (in the Netherlands) will have submitted the application for a residence permit for the foreign national (who is still abroad).
 - When taking the basic civic integration examination abroad, the employee of the Dutch embassy or consulate will scan the passport photo of the foreign national and take his fingerprints. The foreign national must place his signature. The passport photo must comply with the requirements which also apply for Dutch passports. The embassy can inform the foreign national where he is able to have passport photos made locally, which comply with the relevant requirements. A photo that does not comply with the requirements will cause unnecessary delay.
 - If the foreign national does not have to take a basic civic integration examination abroad, the employee of the Dutch embassy or consulate will scan the passport photo of the foreign national and take his fingerprints when collecting the Regular Provisional Residence Permit (mvv). The foreign national must place his signature. The passport photo must comply with the requirements which also apply for Dutch passports. The embassy can inform the foreign national where he/she is able to have passport photos made locally, which comply with the relevant requirements. A photo that does not comply with the requirements will cause unnecessary delay.

2. Application for a Regular Provisional Residence Permit (mvv) by the foreign national

- The foreign national has submitted the application for a Regular Provisional Residence Permit to the Dutch embassy or the consulate in the country of origin or long-term residence.
 - When submitting the application, the employee of the Dutch embassy or consulate makes a scan of the passport photo and takes the fingerprints. The foreign national must place his signature. The passport photo must comply with the requirements which also apply for Dutch passports. The embassy can inform the foreign national where he/she is able to have passport photos made locally, which comply with the relevant requirements. A photo that does not comply with the requirements will cause unnecessary delay.

3. Application for temporary Regular Residence Permit for persons who do not require a Regular Provisional Residence Permit

• If an application is submitted in the Netherlands by a (recognised) sponsor for a foreign national who does not require a Regular Provisional Residence Permit, then the foreign national must go to an Immigration and Naturalisation Service (IND) desk immediately after arrival in the Netherlands. The Immigration and Naturalisation Service (IND) employee will make fingerprints and a passport photo and the foreign national will be required to place his signature. You have to make an online appointment via the website www.ind.nl.

Situation: application starts when the foreign national is in the Netherlands

1. The application is submitted by post

• The foreign national or sponsor sends the application by post to the IND. He will then receive a letter from the IND. This letter states whether the foreign national must have his fingerprints taken and that he must have a passport photo taken and place his signature. For this, the foreign national makes an appointment online at an IND desk. The addresses and opening times of the IND desks can also be found on www.ind.nl. If the application form notes that the foreign national will collect the residence permit at an expat centre, then he can also have a passport photo and his fingerprints taken there. Please check www.ind.nl for how to make an online appointment. The addresses and opening hours of the Expat Centres can be found at www.ind.nl.

2. The foreign national submits the application in person

• The foreign national submits the application personally at the IND desk. A passport photo is made at the desk and fingerprints are taken if necessary. The foreign national must also place his signature there. The application can only be submitted to the IND desk by appointment. To make an appointment, visit www.ind.nl.

Processing of personal data



Appendix Declaration of intent to undergo a TB test

In order to obtain a residence permit, you (or the person you represent) must be prepared to undergo a tuberculosis (TB) test and - if necessary -treatment. If you submit the completed declaration of intent to undergo a TB test to the IND together with your application (and also meet all other conditions), the IND will grant you a residence permit as soon as possible.

You are granted this permit under the express condition that you will actually undergo a TB test within three months after having received your residence permit. Should it become clear after the issue of a residence permit that - despite signing the declaration of intent - you failed to undergo a TB test within the period of three months, this may result in a cancellation of the permit that was granted.

Enclose the completed and signed declaration of intent with your application before you make an appointment with the Municipal Health Service. In doing so, you declare that you are prepared to undergo a TB test and, if necessary, TB treatment. For the appointment with the Municipal Health Service, you must complete the referral form as much as possible (part 1) and take it with you.

The obligation to undergo the test does not apply if you are a national of one of the countries listed in the appendix 'Exemption from the obligation to undergo a tuberculosis (TB) test'. Nor does the obligation to undergo the test apply if you have an EU residence permit for long-term residents issued by another EU country or are his/her family member and were already admitted to another EU country as a family member of the long-term resident.

1	Details of foreign natio	onal to be tested (the applicant)
1.1	Application for a permit for the purpose of work, learning while working or study?	Write in block lette □ Yes □ No
1.2	V-number (if known)	
1.3	Name (as stated in the passport)	Surname
		First names
1.4	Sex	☐ Male ☐ Female
1.5	Date of birth	Day Month Year
1.6	Place of birth	
1.7	Country of birth (as stated in the passport)	
1.8	Nationality	
1.9	Civil status	□ unmarried (single or living together) □ married □ registered partnership □ divorced □ widow/widower
1.10	Home address	Street
		Number
		Postcode Town

1.11	Details passport	Number
		Country
		Valid from (date) Day Month Year
		To (date) Day Month Year
1.12.1	Do you have a spouse or (registered) partner?	□ No > Go to 2 'Signing'
		SpousePlease complete the requested details below
		Registered) partnerPlease complete the requested details below
1.12.2	Name (as stated in the passport)	Surname
		First names
1.12.3	Sex	□ Male □ Female

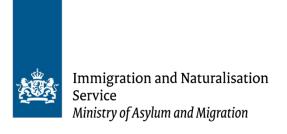
1.12.4 Nationality

1.12.5	Home address	Street
		Number
		Postcode
		Town
2	Signing	
	✓ I am aware of the fact that I must	ed to cooperate in a tuberculosis test and any treatment. undergo a TB test within three months after the residence permit has been ght have consequences for my right of residence in the Netherlands.
2.1	Name of foreign national	
2.2	Place and date	Place
		Day Month Year
2.3	Signature of foreign national	
2.4	Name in case of legal representative	
2.5	Place and date	Place
		Day Month Year

Processing of personal data

Signature of legal representative

2.6



Appendix TB test referral form

In order to obtain a residence permit, you (or the person you represent) must be prepared to undergo a tuberculosis (TB) test and - if necessary - treatment. If you submit the completed declaration of intent to undergo a TB test to the IND together with your application (and also meet all other conditions), the IND will grant you a residence permit as soon as possible.

You are granted this permit under the express condition that you will actually undergo a TB test within three months after having received your residence permit. Should it become clear after the issue of a residence permit that - despite signing the declaration of intent - you failed to undergo a TB test within the period of three months, this may result in a cancellation of the permit that was granted.

In order to undergo the TB test, you must make an appointment with the Municipal Health Service. For this appointment, you must complete the referral form as much as possible (part 1) and take it with you.

Please complete the referral form before you make an appointment with the Municipal Health Service. See also www.ggd.nl for information about the Municipal Health Service. The completed form signed by the Municipal Health Service, showing that you underwent a TB test, must have been received by the IND from the Municipal Health Service within three months after having received your residence permit.

The obligation to undergo the test does not apply if you are a national of one of the countries listed in the appendix 'Exemption from the obligation to undergo a tuberculosis (TB) test'. Nor does the obligation to undergo the test apply if you have an EC residence permit for long-term residents issued by another EU country or are his/her family member and were already admitted to another EU country as a family member of the long-term resident.

1 Details of foreign national to be tested (the applicant)

The State Secretary for Justice and Security asks the director of the Municipal Health Service to test the below-mentioned person for tuberculosis (in the respiratory organs), as referred to in the Aliens Act Implementation Guidelines.

		> The foreign national (the applicant) completes this section (part 1)
1.1	V-number (if known)	
1.2	Name (as stated in the passport)	Surname
		First names
1.3	Sex	☐ Male ☐ Female
1.4	Date of birth	Day Month Year
1.5	Place of birth	
1.6 1.7	Country of birth (as stated in the passport) Nationality	
1.8	Civil status	unmarried (single or living together) married registered partnership divorced widow/widower
1.9	Home address (in the Netherlands)	Street
		Number
		Postcode
		Town

1.10	Details passport	Number						
		Country						
		Valid from (date)	Day	Мс	nth	Year		
		To (date)	Day	Ма	nth	Year		
1.11.1	Do you have a spouse or (registered) partner?	□ No						
	, g , , ,	□ Spouse > Please complete the □ (Registered) partner > Please complete				low		
1.11.2	Name (as stated in the passport)	Surname						
		First names						
1.11.3	Sex	☐ Male ☐ Female						
1.12.4	Nationality							
1.12.5	Home address	Street						
		Number						
		Postcode Town	l					

2 Statement by physician from the Municipal Health Service

The undersigned, employed by the Municipal Health Service as a physician, states that he/she has, for the State Secretary for Justice and Security, tested the foreign national referred to in this form for tuberculosis (in the respiratory organs) under the below number.

> The physician from the Municipal Health Service completes this section

		(part 2)	mealth Service completes this section
2.1	Name of Municipal Health Service		
2.2	Name of physician		
2.3	Test number and date	Test number	
			1 1 1
2.4	Place and date	Place	
		Day Month Year	
2.5	Signature of physician		
		nds this completed and signed stateme ress that applies to the situation of the	
2.6	Submit form	Did the foreign national submit an a work, scientific researcher, highly sk seasonal labour or study?	pplication for the residence purpose of cilled migrant, work experience,
		Yes Immigratie-en Naturalisatiedienst Postbus 5 9560 AA Ter Apel	No Immigratie-en Naturalisatiedienst Postbus 17 9560 AA Ter Apel

Processing of personal data



Appendix Exemption from the obligation to apply for a regular provisional residence permit and special situations

Do not enclose this appendix with the form!

Usually, you will need a regular provisional residence permit (in Dutch: machtiging tot voorlopig verblijf; hereinafter MVV) in order to apply for residence in the Netherlands. You do not apply for a MVV in the Netherlands, but in your country of origin or in the country where you may reside for more than 90 days under a residence permit (your country of continuous residence).

Sometimes, you do not require an MVV. These situations are mentioned and explained below. Please read all situations first. Then tick in the application form the situation that applies and enclose the requested documents with the application form.

1. Your residence permit has expired

The validity of your residence permit is stated in your residence document. If you have been unable to extend the validity of your residence permit or to change the restriction in time, you must state the reason for this in a separate letter. Enclose this letter and as many pieces of evidence and documents as possible with your application in order to substantiate your story.

2. For health reasons, you are unable to apply for an MVV in your country of origin

If you are in the Netherlands and, for medical reasons, it is not wise for you to travel to your country of origin, you do not have to apply for an MVV. You have to prove this with certain pieces of evidence and documents. You must enclose all the means of evidence mentioned in the Appendix 'Explanation and means of evidence medical circumstances', which you can find on www.ind.nl. Read the appendix carefully and follow the instructions.

The IND asks the independent physician from the IND's Medical Advisors Office (Bureau Medische Advisering or BMA) for advice about your medical situation. If you do not submit all the requested details, then BMA cannot advice and the IND can not assess whether your medical situation is grounds for exemption from the MVV requirement.

3. You have a valid residence permit issued in a Schengen country

You do not require an MVV if:

- you have a valid regular residence permit* issued in a Schengen country**; and
- a recognised sponsor has applied for your residence permit; and
- you meet the requirements for the purpose of residence.

Your family members also do not need to have an MVV if:

- they already had a residence permit to stay with you in the other Schengen country; and
- their application for a residence permit is submitted by a recognised sponsor.
- * Do you have a residence permit for asylum? Then you do need an mvv.
- ** Visit www.netherlandsworldwide.nl to find out which countries belong to the Schengen area.

4. You are residing as a privileged family member of a staff member of a foreign diplomatic or consular post accredited in the Netherlands who has (had) a privileged status

Your family member qualifies for a permanent residence permit him/herself. If you are residing as a family member with someone having a privileged status and you currently also have a privileged status yourself, you do not require an MVV. This only applies if you and the family member you are residing with have submitted an application for a permanent residence permit simultaneously.

1

- 5. You have resided in the Netherlands on the grounds of a special privileged status as an accredited member of an international organisation or you have resided in the Netherlands as his/her family member.
- 6. You worked on a Dutch seagoing vessel or in a mining installation on the continental shelf for 7 years or longer

If you can demonstrate that you worked on a Dutch seagoing vessel or on the continental shelf for 7 years or longer, you do not require an MVV. Please enclose the proof hereof with this application.

7. You have Turkish nationality and you worked legally in the Netherlands over the past year.

If you have Turkish nationality and you have worked legally in the Netherlands for the same employer in the past year, you do not need an MVV. This only applies if you want to continue to work as an employee for the same employer in the Netherlands.

- 8. You are the spouse, registered partner or minor child of a Turkish employee. You have been admitted to the Netherlands with this employee and have lived together with this employee continuously for three years If you have been admitted to the Netherlands as the spouse, registered partner or minor child of a Turkish employee and you have legally lived with this employee in the Netherlands for three years, you do not need an MVV.
- 9. You are the child of a Turkish worker and you completed vocational training in the Netherlands
 If you are the child of a Turkish employee, who has been legally employed in the Netherlands for at least three years,
 and you have completed a vocational training course in the Netherlands, you do not need an MVV.
- 10. You come under the scope of Decision 1/80 or the Additional Protocol. There are special individual circumstances that prevent you from applying for an MVV. You meet all other conditions for granting the residence permit

Indicate the special, individual circumstances in a separate letter. Enclose the letter and the means of evidence showing the special circumstances with the application form.

- 11. You are the spouse, registered partner or child of a Turkish employee or a Turkish self-employed person. You want to stay in the Netherlands with that Turkish employee or Turkish self-employed person and there are special and individual circumstances. If you have to leave the Netherlands to apply for an MVV, the Turkish employee or self-employed person is forced to go with you due to these special and individual circumstances Indicate the special, individual circumstances in a separate letter. Enclose the letter and the means of evidence showing the special circumstances with the application form.
- 12. You were born in the Netherlands, you are 12 years of age or younger and you did not move the location of your principal residence outside the Netherlands

A child aged 12 or younger, born in the Netherlands and forming part of the family of the sponsor (who did not move the location of his principal residence outside the Netherlands either) does not require an MVV. The parent(s) must lawfully reside in the Netherlands.

- **13**. You qualify for a residence permit with the purpose of residence 'cross-border service provision'. You do not need an MVV if you qualify for this residence permit.
- 14. You are a victim of or witness reporting human trafficking

If you are a victim of or witness reporting human trafficking, you must report to the police. You may be entitled to a residence permit based on this report. You are not obliged to submit a separate application for this. In that case, you do not need an MVV.

15. You do not have a residence permit and you are a victim of or witness reporting human trafficking. You cannot or will not file a report or collaborate in another way with the criminal investigation and prosecution of the human trafficker because of important reasons.

If you do not have a residence permit, are a victim of or witness reporting human trafficking and you cannot or will not file a report or collaborate in another way with the criminal investigation and prosecution of the human trafficker because of important reasons. You do not need an MVV if you qualify for a residence permit with the purpose of stay "temporary humanitarian" for these reasons.

16. You do not have a residence permit and you have fallen victim to (or might fall victim to) honour-related violence or domestic violence.

You do not need an MVV if you qualify for a residence permit with the purpose of stay "temporary humanitarian" for these reasons

17. You are a minor child of a person who has a residence permit on temporary humanitarian grounds in connection with human trafficking or honour-related violence or domestic violence

If you are the minor child of someone who has a residence permit on temporary humanitarian grounds, as referred to above, and you are staying in the Netherlands with this parent, then you may be eligible for exemption from the requirement for an MVV.

18. You are unable to depart from the Netherlands

If you are not to blame for being unable to depart from the Netherlands, because you do not have a valid passport and, for valid reasons, you cannot be put into the possession of alternative travel documents, you do not require an MVV.

19. You are a minor child and you actually resided in the Netherlands for at least three years

You do not require an MVV if you:

- are under age;
- actually resided in the Netherlands for at least three years;
- are of school age; and
- intend to reside with a Dutch citizen or a sponsor with lawful residence.

20. You are unable to leave the Netherlands because this is contrary to Article 8 of the ECHR

You believe that you are unable to leave the Netherlands because it is an interference on your family or private life as set out in Article 8 of the ECHR. Enclose the following evidence with your application:

In case of an appeal for protection of your family life:

- evidence showing the relationship pertaining to family law between you and the sponsor, for example a copy of a birth certificate; and
- evidence showing how you conduct your family life with the sponsor.

In case of an appeal for protection of your private life:

· evidence showing your connections with the Netherlands and which also shows the intensity of these connections.

21. You want to reside with your Dutch minor child of whom you are the only carer parent

If you are the only carer parent of a Dutch minor child who you have to support and who must leave the European Union if no residence permit is granted to you, you do not require an MVV.

22. You resided in another EU country as a holder of a European Blue Card and you apply for an European Blue Card in the Netherlands

You do not need to have an MVV if you apply for a European Blue Card in the Netherlands and you have stayed in another EU country as a holder of the European Blue Card for at least 12 months (mobility), or have stayed in another EU country as a holder of a European Blue Card for at least six months after such stay (subsequent mobility).

23. You resided as a family member with a holder of a European Blue Card in another EU country

Please enclose with this application the documentary evidence showing the nature and duration of the residence in the other EU country.

24. You are the victim of human trafficking and you are unwilling or unable to file a report of this or collaborate in another way with the criminal investigation and prosecution of the human trafficker in connection with serious threats, and/or a medical or psychological limitation and/or you being a minor.

You do not need an MVV if you can show that you are unable or unwilling to file a report or collaborate in another way with the criminal investigation and prosecution of the human trafficker in connection with serious threats, and/or a medical or psychological limitation and/or you being a minor. You are required to prove this by means of the following evidence:

 a statement from the police showing that there are indications that you are the victim of trafficking in human beings.

Add at least one of the three following statements:

- a statement from the police showing that you cannot be expected to collaborate in the criminal proceedings because of serious threats here in this country from the trafficker in human beings; or
- a dated and signed written declaration, not older than six weeks, from a medical practitioner, including:
 - the medical practitioner's name, address and registration number under the medical practitioner in the Individual Healthcare Professions Register (BIG), or the Netherlands Institute of Psychologists register;
 - which medical symptoms you have;
 - the effect of your medical symptoms for the collaboration in the criminal proceedings.

a statement from the police or Royal Netherlands Marechaussee (KMar) stating that you, in connection with being a minor, can not be expected to collaborate with the criminal proceedings. This statement contains detailed and specific comments on your individual situation, addressing the consequences of you being a minor for the collaboration in the criminal proceedings. You will only assumed to be a minor based on identifying documents, or when established by the IND (as described in paragraph C1/2.2 of the Aliens Act Implementation Guidelines).

25. You have been a victim of work-related exploitation without a right of residence or you have been employed as a minor without a right of residence and you are eligible for a residence permit under a restriction related to temporary humanitarian grounds or you are the minor child under his/her authority..

There is a criminal investigation or investigation for prosecution of the former employer of the foreign national, or a trial of the former employer before the court. The foreign national cooperates with the investigation. If the criminal investigation or investigation for prosecution has already been completed, there must be a wage claim procedure before the subdistrict court as referred to in Section 23(5) of the Foreign Nationals Employment Act (in Dutch: Wet Arbeid Vreemdelingen or Wav).

26. You have a long-term residence permit in another EU country.

Your family members do not need to apply for an MVV either. However, these family members must have lived with you in the other EU country.

27. You have a residence permit as a researcher under Directive (EU) 2016/801 in another EU country. You come to do research in the Netherlands on the basis of long-term mobility.

Your family members do not need to apply for an MVV either. However, these family members must have lived with you in the other EU country.

- 28. You have temporary protection and you qualify for a temporary regular residence permit with a purpose of residence related to seasonal work, work as an employee, work as a highly skilled migrant or work as a self-employed person.
- 29. You are a minor foreign national. You are eligible for a 'humanitarian temporary' or 'humanitarian non-temporary' residence permit because you have been put under supervision by the juvenile court Your family members who qualify for a residence permit to stay with you, also do not need to apply for an MVV

30. Other

You want to apply for a regular residence permit and do not have a valid or correct MVV. If none of the other grounds for MVV exemption apply to your situation, you may be able to obtain a residence permit without an MVV only if special and individual circumstances apply. Explain in a separate letter why it is not possible for you to apply for an MVV in your country of origin or country of continuous residence. State all special and individual circumstances that should be included in the assessment. Are you applying for a residence permit to stay with a family member? Please also indicate who your family members are. State whether they have the right of residence in the Netherlands and any special circumstances of these family members. Enclose the letter with the application form.

31. How do you submit the application?

If you rely upon one of the exemptions from the MVV-requirement, you must submit the application immediately at the counter. Submitting an application to an Immigration and Naturalisation Service (IND) counter is by appointment only. Information about making appointments can be found on the website www.ind.nl. You will receive an invitation letter after making the appointment.



Appendix Declaration on income of self-employed person

This declaration is used to determine whether the self-employed person has long-term and independent, sufficient of support in the meaning of the Aliens Act 2000. Fill in this declaration if you are applying for a residence permit or a short stay visa and you, as a foreign national or sponsor, have an income as a self-employed person. Include, as a part of this declaration (under 5) a signed compilation report from an administrator/accountant. Enclose the completed and signed declaration, including the compilation report, with your application.

Please note! The IND may check the contents of this declaration with another government agency (the Netherlands Employee Insurance Agency or the Tax and Customs Administration, for example).

1	Details of self-employed person Write in block le		
1.1	V-number (if known)		
1.2	Name (as stated in the passport)	Surname	
		First names	
1.3	Date of birth	Day Month Year	
1.4	Place of birth		
1.5	Country of birth (as stated in the passport) Nationality		
1.7	Home address	Street	
		Number	
		Postcode Town	
1.8	Name of the company		

1.9	Visiting address	Street
		Number
		Postcode
		Town
1.10	Chamber of Commerce registration number	
2	Details of the administ	rator/accountant Write in block letters
2.1	Name accountant	
2.2	Professional title	 □ Advisor from the Netherlands Association of Accounting and Tax Experts (Accounting +Tax Expert) □ Registered accountant □ Tax consultants from the Tax Consultants Register □ Accounting consultant □ Other, namely:
2.3	BECON number of Tax and Customs Administration	
2.4	Telephone number Accountant	
2.5	Visiting address	Street
		Number
		Postcode Town

Explanation of the calculation of profits or share in the profits

A company's profits for the closed financial year or the current financial year are calculated by deducting the total operating expenses from the total operating income. The income and the expenses must be calculated according to generally accepted commercial standards. With respect to this, the following is noted. If there is no closed financial year, the calculation of the monthly profits must be based on permanence. This means that both the operating income and the operating expenses must be attributable to the relevant period. If the company has the form of a private partnership, general partnership or limited partnership, the profits will then be divided among the partners or associates.

Please note! This explanation goes with 3.2, 3.5 and 3.12

Current financial year, immediately preceding the time at which the application was submitted

> Enter the period (from (date), to (date) below

3.1	The data included at 3.2 and 3.3 relate to the period (from/to)	from	Day	Month	Year		
		to	Day	Month	Year		
3.2	Profits or share in the profits from business activities over the above period (see explanation)	€					
3.3	Annual income mentioned at 3.2 gross profits divided by the number of months stated	€					
	Most recently closed financial y submitted	ear, immedi	ately preced	ling the time	e at which tl	ne applicatio	n was
3.4	Financial year (from/to)	from	Day	Month	Year		
		to	Day	Month	Year		
3.5	Profits or share in the profits from business activities in accordance with the financial statements (see explanation)	€					
3.6	Amount stated at 3.5, divided by the number of months in the most recently closed financial year	€					
3.7	Corrections of the above (share in the) profits from business activities for taxable profit*	[€]					

3.8	Taxable profit*	€										
3.9	Status of processing of tax return by the Tax and Customs Administration	finand	cial ye he pro he inc he pro	ear a confit and come to come	opy o d loss ax ret nal an	f: acco turn; d fina	unt; I asse:	ssme		osed		d the current e Tax and Customs
3.10	If the Tax and Customs Administration has already imposed an assessment, is this assessment based on the stated profits from business activities?		es lo ase ei	nclose	an ex	xplana	ation ii	n a se	eparate	е арре	endix	
	Next-to-last closed financial ye	ear										
3.11	Financial year (from/to)	from		Day	/	N	fonth		Year			
		То		Day	/	N	Nonth		Year			
3.12	Profits or share in the profits from business activities in accordance with the financial statements (see explanation)	€										
3.13	Amount stated at 3.12, divided by the number of months in the most recently closed financial year	€										
3.14	Corrections of the above (share in the) profits from business activities for taxable profit*	€					<u> </u>					
3.15	Taxable profit*	€										
3.16	Status of processing of tax return by the Tax and Customs Administration	• tl	he pro he inc he pro	ofit an ome t ovisior	d loss ax ret nal an	acco turn; d fina	unt; I asse:	ssme		osed		r a copy of: • Tax and Customs
3.17	If the Tax and Customs Administration has already imposed an assessment, is this assessment based on the stated profits from business activities?		es lo <i>ase ei</i>	nclose	an ex	xplana	ation i	n a se	eparate	е арре	endix	

(*only for any inspection by the IND)

4 Signing by the self-employed person

Place and date

Place

Day

Month

Year

Signature

Compilation report administrator/accountant

Our client for this compliation report is the self-employed person mentioned under 1. of this declaration, and also signatory of this form under 4, namely:

Name

Surname

(as stated in the passport)

First names

I, the undersigned, hereby truthfully declare, as a self-employed person, to have acquired income from

5.2 Name of the company

4.1

4.2

5

5.1

5.3 Chamber of Commerce registration number

further referred to as: client

This compilation report is part of the declaration on income of self-employed person. Our client has this declaration on income of self-employed person filled in and signed for the purpose of an application procedure at the IND. This report is compiled by us for our client on behalf of the IND, with the aim of assessing whether the resource requirement has been satisfied for compliance with the applicable standard¹. As a result, the statement may not be suitable for another purpose. The statement is intended solely for our client and the IND and should not be distributed to or used by other parties.

This compilation report, in accordance with the applicable regulations², refers to the information under section 3 Income from business activities. This information is compiled by us based on the information provided by our client.

This compilation engagement has been performed by us in accordance with Dutch law, including the Dutch Standard 4410H, 'Compilation engagements', which is applicable to accountants³. The standard requires us to assist the client in the preparation and presentation of section 3 Income from business activities of the declaration on income of self-employed person. To this end we have applied our professional expertise in accounting and financial reporting.

In a compilation engagement, the client is responsible for providing us with all relevant information and the client is also responsible for ensuring the information is correct. Therefore, we have conducted our work, in accordance with the applicable regulations⁴, on the assumption that the client has fulfilled his responsibility. To conclude our work, we have read section 3 of the declaration to consider whether the statement as presented correspond with our understanding of the client. We have not performed any audit or review procedures which would enable us to express an opinion or a conclusion on section 3 of the declaration. During this engagement we have complied with the relevant ethical requirements prescribed by the 'Verordening Gedrags- en Beroepsregels Accountants' (VGBA, Dutch Code of Ethics)⁵. You and other users of

this statement may therefore assume that we have conducted the engagement in a professional, competent and objective manner and with due care and integrity and that we will treat all information provided to us as confidential.

	Signing	
5.4	Name of administration/ accountants office	
5.5	Place and date	Place
		Day Month Year
5.6	Signature of administrator/	

- ¹ See article 16 paragraph 1 (c) of the Aliens Act.
- ² For members of the NBA (The Royal Netherlands Institute of Chartered Accountants), the NOAB (Netherlands Association of Financial and Tax Experts) and RB (Register of Tax Advisers).
- ³ And/or other applicable regulations, for example, if the administrator is a member of NOAB, RB or another body.
- ⁴ For members of the NBA, the NOAB and RB.
- ⁵ And/or other applicable provisions, for example, if the administrator is a member of NOAB, RB or another body.

Processing of personal data



Appendix Submitting and paying for the application by the foreign national

Do not enclose this appendix with the form!

Below, you can read how you can submit and pay for the application for a residence permit or a change to the restriction on the residence permit.

Please note! If you rely on an exemption from the requirement to apply for a regular provisional residence permit you must first send the application by post. You will then receive a letter from the IND stating how you must pay the fees.

Submitting an application for a residence permit or a change to the residence permit

You send the application form, the appendices and the evidence to the IND by post. Make copies of all documents and supplementary evidence and send with the application form. Never send any original evidence. You must make clearly readable and full copies of the original evidence on A4 size paper. Do not use other paper size, any staples or paperclips. Write down your V-number or client number on each copy. If you do not know these numbers, then please write your name and date of birth on each copy. Do not send any USB sticks, CDs, DVDs, photo albums, receipts and suchlike. Put all evidence in a sufficiently stamped envelope. Send your application to the following address:

Application for an economic purpose of residence (work, study, for example)

Application for a social purpose of residence (family members and relatives)

Application for medical circumstances

Immigratie- en Naturalisatiedienst Postbus 5 9560 AA Ter Apel Immigratie- en Naturalisatiedienst Postbus 16 9560 AA Ter Apel Immigratie- en Naturalisatiedienst Postbus 1 9560 AA Ter Apel

You can also visit the IND Desk in person in order to submit your application for a residence permit. You need to make an appointment. Please visit www.ind.nl for the ways you can contact the IND. You must bring the original copies of all requested documents and evidence. The IND verifies and copies these documents, after which all original documents are returned to you. The copies must be enclosed with your application. You must also bring your valid border-crossing document (passport, for example) with you.

How do you pay?

An application is not free of charge. The costs depend on the purpose of the residence applied by you. If you submit the application by post, you will receive a letter containing the amount of fees and information on how to pay, after the IND has received your application. If you submit the application at the IND Desk, you can pay the fees due at the IND Desk. You can pay with a bank card or in cash.

Here, you can find no information about the costs or any exemption from having to pay fees. Please visit www.ind.nl if you want to know the costs beforehand. If the assessment of your application shows that you do not qualify for the residence permit applied for, you will not receive a refund.

What happens with your application?

If you have submitted your application to the IND and paid the related costs, the IND will assess your application. If your application is incomplete, the IND will be unable to properly assess your application. If you fail to make a payment or timely payment or submit an incomplete application, the handling of your application will be delayed. You will be informed in writing once your application has been handled. If your application is granted, you will also receive a letter with information about the follow-up procedure.

Providing correct information

Providing incorrect information or withholding relevant information may lead to withdrawal of the permit. If punishable offences are observed, the IND reports this to the police.

V-number

A V-number is a unique number, which is used for identification of a foreign national by the IND and cooperating organisations (such as the Aliens Police). The number is listed in the correspondence which the foreign national or sponsor receives from the IND and other organisations and is also printed on the residence document itself.

Processing of personal data



Appendix Exemption from the obligation to undergo a tuberculosis (TB) test

Do not enclose this appendix with the form!

If you have the nationality of one of the countries on this list, you do not have to undergo a tuberculosis (TB) test.

Albania Grenada Algeria Guatemala Andorra Guyana Antigua and Barbuda Honduras Argentina Hong Kong (SAR) Armenia Hungary Australia Iceland Austria Iran Azerbaijan Iraq Bahamas Ireland Bahrain Israel Barbados Italy Belarus Jamaica Belgium Japan Belize Yemen Benin Jordan Bosnia and Herzegovina Kazakhstan Brazil Kosovo Brunei Kuwait

Bulgaria Latvia Burkina Faso Lebanon Cape Verde Libya Canada Liechtenstein Chile Lithuania China Luxembourg Colombia Macau (SAR) Maldives Comoros Costa Rica Mali Croatia Malta

Moldova Denmark

Mauritania

Mauritius

Mexico

Dominica Monaco Dominican Republic Montenegro Morocco Ecuador Netherlands Egypt El Salvador New Hebrides Estonia New Zealand Nicaragua

Finland Niger Uruguay France Niue Galapagos Islands North-Macedonia Vanuatu Georgia Norway

Germany Oman

Greece

Cuba

Cyprus

Czech Republic

Panama Paraguay Poland Portugal Qatar Romania Russia Rwanda Samoa San Marino Saudi Arabia Serbia Seychelles Singapore Slovakia Slovenia

Solomon Islands South-Korea Spain Sri Lanka St Kitts & Nevis St Lucia

St Vincent and the Grenadines

Sudan Suriname Sweden Switzerland Syria Tadjikistan Taiwan Togo Tonga

Trinidad and Tobago

Tunisia Turkey Turkmenistan Ukraine

United Arab Emirates United Kingdom

United States of America

Uzbekistan Venezuela



Appendix Statement due to European sanctions against Russia and Belarus

The European Union has introduced various sanctions against Russia and Belarus as a result of Russia's invasion of Ukraine. More information about the sanctions and which people, companies and organisations in Russia and Belarus are on a sanctions list can be found on: www.sanctionsmap.eu. These sanctions may have consequences for the granting of residence permits for the purposes of companies that have ties with Russian and/or Belarusian companies or persons included on a sanctions list. Under the Sanctions Act, it is in fact prohibited to make funds and/or economic resources available to listed companies or persons. The effect of the prohibition also extends to companies that are not on a sanctions list themselves, but are indeed owned by or under the control of a listed company or person. By making this statement, you indicate whether you or your company is affiliated with a Russian or Belarusian parent company on the sanctions list.

1	Details of the applicant	Fill in in block capital letters								
1.1	Company name (name given in the articles of association according to Chamber of Commerce (KvK)									
1.2	Chamber of Commerce registration number									
1.3	IND client number (if known)	1-								
1.4	Business address	Street								
		House number and addition								
		Postcode								
		City/town								
1.5	Telephone number									

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Fill in in block capital letters

2.1	Is your company a subsidiary of a parent company?		Yes	Skip	o to qu	uestion	2.2				
	If the company is a sole trader, then tick 'No'		No	Skip	o to qu	uestion	2.5				
2.2	Is the parent company Russian/Belarussian?		Yes	Skip	o to qu	uestion	2.3				
			No	Skip	o to qu	uestion	2.5				
2.3	Is the parent company in Russia or Belarus on the European sanctions list?		Yes	Skip	o to qu	uestion	2.4				
	(see www.sanctionsmap.eu)		No	Skip	o to qu	uestion	2.5				
2.4	Is your company under control or owned by the parent company in Russia or Belarus? See the text box on page 3 for a more detailed explanation of control or ownership		Yes No								
2.5	Statement		I declare to of the conforegoing	npany	, and I			_			
3	Signature						Fill	in in b	lock d	apita	al letters
3.1	Name										
3.2	City/town and date	City	y/town								
		Da	ay	Month	7	Year					
3.3	Signature										

When does ownership or control exist?

This follows from the European Sanctions Guidelines (pdf (europa.eu) under 55a and 55b:

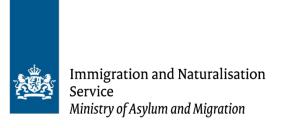
Ownership: The criterion to be taken into account when assessing whether a legal person or entity is owned by another person or entity is possession of more than 50% of the proprietary rights of an entity or having a majority interest in it.

Control: The criteria to be taken into account when assessing whether a legal person or entity is controlled by another person or entity, alone or pursuant to an agreement with another shareholder or other third party, could include, inter alia):

- a. having the right or exercising the power to appoint or remove a majority of the members of the administrative, management or supervisory body of such legal person or entity;
- b. having appointed solely as a result of the exercise of one's voting rights a majority of the members of the administrative, management or supervisory bodies of a legal person or entity who have held office during the present and previous financial year;
- c. controlling alone, pursuant to an agreement with other shareholders in or members of a legal person or entity, a majority of shareholders' or members' voting rights in that legal person or entity;
- d. having the right to exercise a dominant influence over a legal person or entity, pursuant to an agreement entered into with that legal person or entity, or to a provision in its Memorandum or Articles of Association, where the law governing that legal person or entity permits its being subject to such agreement or provision;
- e. having the power to exercise the right to exercise a dominant influence referred to in point (d), without being the holder of that right;
- f. having the right to use all or part of the assets of a legal person or entity;
- g. managing the business of a legal person or entity on a unified basis, while publishing consolidated annual accounts;
- h. sharing jointly and severally the financial liabilities of a legal person or entity or guaranteeing them.

If any of these criteria are satisfied, it is considered that the legal person or entity is controlled by another person or entity.

Processing of personal data



Appendix Declaration on essential cultural importance

Declaration by the cultural institution. The declaration states that the presence of the artist-applicant in question is of 'substantial cultural interest' for the Netherlands.

With this document the cultural institution	(name cultural institution)
declares that the artist-applicant with the following name _	(name artist)
has been selected by the cultural institution and that his/he	er presence in the Netherlands and his/her contribution to the
activities as described in the attached contract are of essen	itial cultural importance.
These activities will take place over a period from and to	(period)
Describe the value and importance of the presence of the a	rtist-applicant for the cultural institution and/or for the Dutch
cultural sector:	
Additional comments:	
Place	Place
Date	Date
Name cultural institution	Name artist-applicant
Name of authorised signatory	
Signature	Signature

Processing of personal data